# Town of Orient

## **AUDIT**

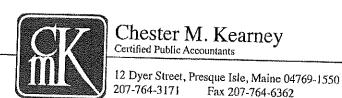
for the YEAR ENDING 06/30/2017

PREPARED BY
CHESTER M. KEARNEY
Certified Public Accountants

TOWN OF ORIENT, MAINE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

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Barbara E. McGuire, CPA, CGMA Timothy P. Poitras, CPA, CGMA

To the Board of Selectmen of Town of Orient, Maine

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, its major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of Orient, Maine, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, its major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of Orient, Maine, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information on page 17 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Town of Orient's basic financial statements as a whole. The accompanying supplementary information on pages 18 and 19 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Chester M. Kearney

Presque Isle, Maine December 8, 2022 BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

#### JUNE 30, 2017

	Primary Government Governmental
ASSETS	Activities
Curent Assets	
Cash and equivalents	
Taxes receivable	589,285
Tax liens	98,539
Certificate of deposit	9,856
1	25,927
	723,607
Non-Current Assets	
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation:	
Improvements	
Infrastructure	31,308
Total capital assets net of accumulated depreciation	79,544
- Heptosition	110,852
Total Assets	
	834,459
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	••-
Due to fiduciary fund	805
Due to other governments	2,020
	1,470
NET POSITION	4,295
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	*** **-
Unrestricted	110,852
Total net position	719,312
,	830,164

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Functions/Programs Governmental activities;	Expenses	Program Charges for Services	n <u>Revenues</u> Operating Grants and <u>Contributions</u>	Capital Grants and <u>Contributions</u>	Net (expense) Revenues and Changes in Net Position Primary Government Governmental Activities
General government Protection Health and sanitation Public works Social services County tax Education Total government activities	80,494 16,172 118 77,335 49,035 56,435 254,459 534,048		10,204		(80,494) (16,172) (118) (67,131) (49,035) (56,435) (254,459)
	General revenue Property taxes Excise taxes Revenue shark Homestead exi Veteran's exen Tree growth Business equip Other Total general	ng emption uption ment tax exempti revenues		-	(523,844)  624,012 25,318 4,030 3,864 [52 22,800 297 29,507 709,980
	Change in net po		estated)		186,136 644,028
	Net position - end	i of year			830,164

#### BALANCE SHEET

## GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

#### JUNE 30, 2017

	GENERAL
ASSETS	TUND
Cash	•
Taxes receivable	589,285
Tax liens	98,539
Certificate of deposit	9,856
	25,927
Total assets	25,721
Liabilities	723,607
Accounts payable	
Due to fiduciary fund	806
Due to other governments	805
	2,020
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,470 4,295
Unavailable property taxes	4,233
EI N/D D. G. A. A. G.	108,000
FUND BALANCES	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Non-spendable Committed	
Assigned	9,856
Unassigned	157,174
Onessigned	106,827
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	337,455
	(11.5
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	611,312
TO SOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	212 607
	723,607
RECONCILIATION TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	
Fund Balance - governmental funds	
Conital access	611,312
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and,	
therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Deferred revenues are not at the	110,852
Deferred revenues are not available to pay current period expenditures and are not reported in the government wide financial statements.	
Bottomient wide imancial statements.	100 000
	108,000 830,164
•	030,101

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-

## GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT

## OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF

## GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	GENERAL.
REVENUES	FUND
Property taxes	
Federal and state assistance	575,268
Other revenues	41,347
TOTAL REVENUES	54,825_
EXPENDITURES	671,440
Current	
General government	
Protection Health and sanitation	78,984
Public works	16,172
Social services	118 65,602
County tax	49,035
Education	56,435
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	254,459
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	520,805
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2016 (RESTATED)	150,635
	460,677
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2017	611,312
RECONCILIATION TO THE NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	St. Hange Stranger
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	
·	150,635
Governmental funds report capital outlays for capital assets as expenditures	
because such outlays use current financial resources. In content, if	
Statement of Activities reports only a prtion of the outlay as expense. The outlay is allocated over the assets' estimated useful lives as depreciation	
expense for the period. Additionally pross sales of capital access and	
reported on the Statement of Revenue while capital gains are	
at the statement of Venaties'	
Depreciation expense	41.5
Change in proporty torics with the	(13,243)
Change in property taxes unavailable for use in the current period	48,744
Change in net position of governmental activities	70,144
Par equivariest areliability	186,136

The notes to the financial statements are an intregal part of this statement

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUND

#### JUNE 30, 2017

	Private Purpose Trust
ASSETS	Fund
Due from general fund	
Certificate of deposit	2,020
TOTAL ASSETS	10,737
LIABILITIES	12,757
	None
NET POSITION - HELD IN TRUST	
THOUSE THE TROOP	12,757

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

REVENUES	Private Purpose Trust Fund
Cemetery plot sales	
Interest income	800
TOTAL REVENUES	29
	829
EXPENDITURES	The state of the s
Other	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	
NET CHANGE IN NET POSITION	
NET DOGGETON AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN	829
NET POSITION - JULY 1, 2016	11,928
NET POSITION - JUNE 30, 2017	11,920
1 00141011 - 401415 50, 2017	12,757

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## (1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Town of Orient, Maine, was incorporated on April 9, 1856 under the laws of the State of Maine. The Town is a municipal corporation that operates under a selectmen-manager form of government and provides the following services: public safety, public works, health and social services, education, public improvements, planning and zoning and general administrative services. The accompanying financial statements present the activities of The Town of Orient, Maine.

Basis of Presentation — Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Town as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except the fiduciary activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities, if any, of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external users.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The Town does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by those recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, if any, and fiduciary funds, if any, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds including its fiduciary fund. Each individual fund is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which constitutes its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental, proprietary, if any, and fiduciary, if any,—are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd.)

## (1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd.)

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - To account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund is the Town's operating fund.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund type:

Fiduciary Fund — To account for resources held by the Town in a custodial capacity. The assets of these funds are not available to support Town programs and therefore are not included in the government-wide financial statements. The perpetual care fund is a private purpose trust fund of the Town,

## Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, includes property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been met.

Governmental-fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes and inter-governmental revenues and grants are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds from general long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

#### Deposits and Investments

Available cash is deposited in interest-bearing accounts to as great a degree as possible. These residual investments are classified for reporting purposes as cash. Earnings from these investments are reported by the applicable funds generating the investments. All deposits are carried at cost, plus accrued interest.

The laws of the State of Maine, under 30-A M.R.S.A. Sections 5706-5719, limit investment of municipal funds to investments described within that law. The law authorizes the Town to invest in various financial institutions insured by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and the National Credit Union Association.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd.)

## (1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd.)

Repurchase agreements are allowed to the extent secured by the obligations of the United States Government, as defined in Section 5712, Subsection 1, provided that the market value of the underlying obligation is equal to or greater than the amount of the municipality's investment and that the municipality's security interest is perfected.

Investments in mutual funds are limited to bonds and other direct obligations of the United States Government or repurchase agreements secured by bonds and other direct obligations of the United States Government.

For other securities, including the above-mentioned investment vehicles, minimum security quality grade requirements are mandated in conjunction with percentage limitations of reserve amounts or portfolio balances, depending upon the type of the applicable securities purchased.

#### Tax acquired property

The Town records all tax acquired property at the lesser of fair market value or the taxes due on the property at the time of foreclosure. As of June 30, 2017 the Town held no tax acquired property.

#### Deferred Outflows of Resources

The Town reports decreases in net assets that relate to future periods as deferred outflows of resources in a separate section of its government-wide statement of net position. No deferred outflows of resources affect the governmental funds financial statements in the current year.

#### Deferred Inflows of Resources

The Town's governmental funds report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element reflects an increase in net assets that applies to a future period(s). In its governmental funds, the only deferred inflow of resources is for revenues that are not considered available. The Town will not recognize the related revenues until they are available (collected not later than 60 days after the end of the Town's fiscal year) under the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, unavailable revenues from property taxes are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town of Orient considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three (3) months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

#### Receivables and Payables

All outstanding uncollected taxes are considered fully collectible by management of the Town and the Town's reserve for uncollectable accounts is \$0 as of June 30, 2017.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd.)

## (1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd.)

Property Tax Calendar

Property taxes are levied as of April 1, 2016 and are used to finance the operations of the Town for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2016. Taxes are committed for collection on October 3, 2016 and are due and payable on or before January 3, 2017 after which interest will accrue at a rate of 7 percent per annuum. In accordance with Maine law, taxes not collected within 8 months following the date of commitment are secured by liens.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

The Town reports no inventory or prepaid items in its financial statements. -

Capital Assets

Capital assets, not including infrastructure assets, purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical is not available. Infrastructure assets capitalized have an original cost of \$50,000 or more. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class
Buildings
Infrastructure
Machinery and Equipment

Estimated Useful Lives
20-40 years
10 years
3-15 years

#### Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide statement, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

#### Fund Equity

The Town follows Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions (GASB 54). GASB 54 establishes a fund balance hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds and defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd.)

## (1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd.)

Under the GASB #54 reporting format, fund balance is reported as follows:

- Non-spendable-Items that are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to remain intact.
- Restricted fund balance-Resources that have constraints imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments; or amounts that have very stringent conditions imposed by external parties or law.
- Unrestricted fund balance-Has 3 components;
  - O Committed fund balance-Amounts with internally imposed restrictions mandated by the government's highest level of decision making authority which require action from that authority to be redeployed. In the case of the Town of Orient, this action requires a selectmen vote at a town meeting.
  - O Assigned fund balance-Amounts that are constrained by the government's intent that they will be used for specific purposes. Decision making authority with respect to these amounts lies with a committee or other government official but not the highest level authority.
  - O Unassigned fund balance-This is the residual balance of the general fund which represents the remaining fund balance after allocation to the other fund balance categories. It reflects resources that are available for further appropriation and expenditure for general governmental purposes.

#### Net Position

Net position represents the residual of all other financial statement elements presented in a statement of financial position.

#### Other General Items

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damages to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the Town carries commercial insurance. Settled claims, if any, resulting from these risks, have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage.

#### Minimum Fund Balance

The Board has not adopted a financial policy to maintaining a minimum level of unrestricted fund balance in the general fund.

#### (2) BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds except for special revenue funds and the capital projects funds, which adopt project-length budgets.

The budget is prepared by the Board of Selectmen. From this information, warrant articles are prepared for the annual town meeting. The warrant articles include budget recommendations of the Board of Selectmen as well as the prior years appropriated amounts.

The 2016 - 2017 fiscal budget was approved at its annual town meeting.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd.)

#### (3) CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Town's deposits at year end were covered by the Federal Credit Union Act (FCUA).

The Town's cash is categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the Town at year end. These categories are defined as follows:

Category #1 - Insured or collateralized with securities held by the Town or by its agent in the Town's name.

Category #2 - Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the Town's name.

Category #3 - Uncollateralized, which includes any bank balance that is collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution or by its trust department or agent but not in the Town's name.

At June 30, 2017, the Town's funds were on deposit with the banks listed below:

		CATEGORY			
BANK - TYPE OF ACCOUNT	CARRYING <u>AMOUNT</u>	BANK <u>BALANCE</u>	<u>#1</u>	<u>#2</u>	<u>#3</u>
Governmental Activities:					
Machias Savings Bank Checking (1) Savings (4)	109,443 479,842	111,689 479,842	111,689 29,066	450,776	
Certificate of deposit (1)	<u>25,927</u>	25,927	25,927	430,776	
	<u>615,212</u>	<u>617,458</u>	<u>166,682</u>	450,776	None

#### (4) CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 is as follows:

Governmental activities;	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets, being depreciated: Improvements Infrastructure Total capital assets, being depreciated	45,295 117,332 162,627	None	None	45,295 <u>117,332</u> 162,627
Less accumulated depreciation for: Improvements Infrastructure Total accumulated depreciation	12,477 26,055 38,532	1,510 11,733 13,243	None	13,987 37,788 51,775
Total capital assets, being depreciated net	124,095	(13,243)	<u>None</u>	110,852

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd.)

#### (4) CAPITAL ASSETS (cont'd)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Governmental activities:

 General government
 1,510

 Public works
 11,733

 13,243

#### (5) LEGAL DEBT LIMIT

The maximum legal debt limit for the Town is \$3,593,000, 7.5% of the 2016 state valuation of the Town, which amounted to \$47,910,000.

#### (8) PROPERTY TAXES - GENERAL FUND

Property taxes are made up of the following:

	BUDGET	ACTUAL	<u>VARIANCE</u>
Commitment Increase in unavailable property taxes	615,950	637,203	21,253
Abatements and discounts	(7,000)	( 51,744) <u>( 13,191</u> )	(51,744) (6,191)
	<u>608,950</u>	572,268	(36,682)

#### (9) RISK MANAGEMENT

Town of Orient is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town maintains insurance coverage for part of its risk management. Expenditures and claims are recognized when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. In determining claims, events that might create claims, but for which none have been reported, are considered. The Town's management estimates that the amount of actual or potential claims against the Town as of June 30, 2017 will not materially affect the financial condition of the Town.

#### (10) SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated all subsequent events through December 8, 2022, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

The COVID-19 outbreak in the United States has caused disruption through mandated and voluntary closings. Management is presently evaluating the effect of the disruptions on operations. The related financial impact and duration cannot be reasonably estimated at this time by management.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd.)

## (11) EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2017, expenditures did not exceed appropriations in any department.

#### (12) TAXES

As a municipal entity, the Town is not subject to Federal and State income taxes, accordingly it is not necessary to consider the effects of any uncertain tax positions.

The Town is subject to Federal and State payroll taxes and is required to file the appropriate tax returns. Management believes that all required returns have been properly filed as of June 30, 2017. No examinations have been conducted by the Federal or State taxing authorities and no correspondence has been received from these authorities.

#### (13) RESTATEMENTS

In the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017, the Town of Orient determined that both the governmental activities net position and fund balance in the general fund were both overstated due to overstated cash and taxes receivable in the prior fiscal year ending June 30, 2016. As such, both net position and fund balance were restated as follows:

	Net Position	Fund Balance
Balance at June 30, 2016 - Original	\$ 646,746	\$ 463,395
Decrease in cash	\$ (2,220)	\$ ( 2,220)
Decrease in taxes receivable	\$ ( 498)	\$ ( 2,220) \$ ( 498)
Balance at June 30, 2016 - Restated	\$ 644,028	\$ 460 677
•		<u> </u>

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## SCHEDULE OF GENERAL FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

#### BUDGET AND ACTUAL

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

REVENUES Property taxes	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
Commitment	****		
Increase in unavailable property taxes	615,950	637,203	21,253
Abatements and discounts	(7,000)	(48,744)	(48,744)
Net properly taxes	(7,000)	(13,191)	(6,191)
State assistance	608,950	575,268	(33,682)
***************************************			
Revenue sharing	4,043		
Homestead exemption	•	4,030	(13)
Veteran's exemption	4,688	3,864	(824)
Tree growth	-	152	152
Local road assistance program	-	22,800	22,800
Business equipment lax exemption	201	10,204	10,204
Excise tax	291	297	6
Other revenue	12,000	25,318	13,318
TOTAL PROPERTY.		29,507	29,507
TOTAL REVENUES	(30.000		
DAVID LONG.	629,972	671,440	41,468
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
General government	Ort + cm		
Protection	97,167	78,984	18,183
Health and sanitation	17,672	16,172	1,500
Public works	118	118	-
Social services	68,500	65,602	2,898
County tax	58,000	49,035	8,965
Education	56,435	56,435	•
	315,580	254,459	61,121
TOTAL EXPENDITURES			
	613,472	520,805	92,667
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE			<del></del>
	[6,500	150,635	134,135
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2016 (RESTATED)			
·		460,677	
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2017			
		611,312	
	_		

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## SCHEDULE OF GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

General Government Salaries	BUDGET ACTUAL	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
Administration	38,742 18,075	20.650
Insurance	40,475 45,236	20,667
Revaluation	10,150 11,173	(4,761)
	7,800 4,500	(1,023) 3,300
	97,167 78,984	18,183
Protection		10,165
Fire protection		
Ambulance	6,500 5,000	1,500
·	<u> 11,172</u> <u>11,172</u>	1,500
	17,672 16,172	1,500
Health and Sanitation		= 1,500
Septic disposal site		
	118 118	_
·	118 118	
Public Works	pa landa de la companya de la compan	
Town roads / bridges		
Snow removal / winter roads	4,200 3,010	1,190
	64,300 62,592	1,708
	68,500 65,602	2,898
Social Services		
Transfer Station		
	58,000 49,035	8,965
	58,000 49,035	8,965

## SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASSIGNED FUND BALANCES

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Assigned Fund Balance	BALANCE JULY I		APPRO- PRIATION		REC	RECEIPTS		DISBURSE- MENTS		TRANSFERS FROM (TO) SURPLUS		BALANCE JUNE 30	
Building maintenance Equipment replacement URIP Highways Fire equipment Comprehensive plan Cemeteries Capital reserve	\$	15,504 5,502 25,205 26,451 6,122 902 12,141 15,000	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1	15,504 5,502 25,205 26,451 6,122 902 12,141 15,000 06,827	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement